

# RT<sup>2</sup> Profiler PCR Array (Rotor-Gene® Format)

## Mouse Male Infertility

Cat. no. 330231 PAMM-165ZR

For pathway expression analysis

| Format                                       | For use with the following real-time cyclers |
|--|--|
| RT <sup>2</sup> Profiler PCR Array, Format R | Rotor-Gene Q, other Rotor-Gene cyclers       |

### Description

The Mouse Male Infertility RT<sup>2</sup> Profiler PCR Array profiles the expression of 84 key gene transcripts detected in spermatozoa. During spermatogenesis, primary sperm cells undergo meiosis, ultimately dividing and forming mature spermatozoa (sperm cells). Each sperm cell contains mRNA transcripts, although sperm are transcriptionally inactive. Initially, these mRNA transcripts were thought to be originally expressed by the primary sperm cells, and therefore a non-biologically relevant by-product of the spermatogenic process. However, recent studies have identified mRNAs differentially detected in the sperm of fertile males relative to infertile males. One hypothesis presumes that the initial stages of fertilization and embryogenesis require sperm-derived mRNAs. For example, epigenetic regulation of imprinted genes occurs during embryogenesis, and sperm-derived mRNAs expressing chromatin modification enzymes and remodeling factors may be necessary to complete this process. Sperm-derived mRNAs are also expressed in the testis. Therefore, the analysis of sperm mRNA, unlike a testicular biopsy, potentially provides a less-invasive method to research infertility in males. This array includes genes differentially detected in the sperm of fertile and infertile males. A set of controls present on each array enables data analysis using the  $\Delta\Delta CT$  method of relative quantification, assessment of reverse transcription performance, genomic DNA contamination, and PCR performance. Using real-time PCR, research studies can easily and reliably analyze the expression of a focused panel of genes involved in male infertility with this array.

For further details, consult the *RT<sup>2</sup> Profiler PCR Array Handbook*.

### Shipping and storage

RT<sup>2</sup> Profiler PCR Arrays in the Rotor-Gene format are shipped at ambient temperature, on

---

dry ice, or blue ice packs depending on destination and accompanying products.

For long term storage, keep plates at  $-20^{\circ}\text{C}$ .

**Note:** Ensure that you have the correct RT<sup>2</sup> Profiler PCR Array format for your real-time cyclers (see table above).

**Note:** Open the package and store the products appropriately immediately on receipt.



---

Sample & Assay Technologies

## Array layout

The 96 real-time assays in the Rotor-Gene format are located in wells 1–96 of the Rotor-Disc™ (plate A1–A12=Rotor-Disc 1–12, plate B1–B12=Rotor-Disc 13–24, etc.). To maintain data analysis compatibility, wells 97–100 do not contain real-time assays but will contain master mix to account for weight balance.

## Gene table: RT<sup>2</sup> Profiler PCR Array

| Position | UniGene   | GenBank      | Symbol   | Description  |
|----------|-----------|--------------|----------|--|
| A01      | Mm.179421 | NM_001039114 | Acsbg2   | Acyl-CoA synthetase bubblegum family member 2  |
| A02      | Mm.66952  | NM_173029    | Adcy10   | Adenylate cyclase 10   |
| A03      | Mm.341377 | NM_013464    | Ahr      | Aryl-hydrocarbon receptor  |
| A04      | Mm.471848 | NM_001033785 | Akap14   | A kinase (PRKA) anchor protein 14  |
| A05      | Mm.1498   | NM_009651    | Akap4    | A kinase (PRKA) anchor protein 4   |
| A06      | Mm.376094 | NM_007445    | Amh      | Anti-Mullerian hormone   |
| A07      | Mm.221239 | NM_009693    | Apob     | Apolipoprotein B   |
| A08      | Mm.39005  | NM_013476    | Ar       | Androgen receptor  |
| A09      | Mm.483408 | NM_029267    | Boll     | Bol, boule-like (Drosophila)   |
| A10      | Mm.3444   | NM_010238    | Brd2     | Bromodomain containing 2   |
| A11      | Mm.182836 | NM_054054    | Brdt     | Bromodomain, testis-specific   |
| A12      | Mm.142095 | NM_025821    | Carhsp1  | Calcium regulated heat stable protein 1  |
| B01      | Mm.87321  | NM_139301    | Catsper1 | Cation channel, sperm associated 1   |
| B02      | Mm.79072  | NM_177866    | Catsper4 | Cation channel, sperm associated 4   |
| B03      | Mm.260114 | NM_172301    | Ccnb1    | Cyclin B1  |
| B04      | Mm.12884  | NM_010778    | Cd46     | CD46 antigen, complement regulatory protein  |
| B05      | Mm.241056 | NM_033037    | Cdo1     | Cysteine dioxygenase 1, cytosolic  |
| B06      | Mm.453295 | NM_133828    | Creb1    | CAMP responsive element binding protein 1  |
| B07      | Mm.5244   | NM_013498    | Crem     | CAMP responsive element modulator  |
| B08      | Mm.1296   | NM_009420    | Crisp2   | Cysteine-rich secretory protein 2  |
| B09      | Mm.319913 | NM_030033    | Crisp4   | Cysteine-rich secretory protein 4  |
| B10      | Mm.12665  | NM_016716    | Cul3     | Cullin 3   |
| B11      | Mm.5199   | NM_007810    | Cyp19a1  | Cytochrome P450, family 19, subfamily a, polypeptide 1   |
| B12      | Mm.280641 | NM_010021    | Dazl     | Deleted in azoospermia-like  |
| C01      | Mm.291723 | NM_013932    | Ddx25    | DEAD (Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp) box polypeptide 25  |
| C02      | Mm.12818  | NM_010029    | Ddx4     | DEAD (Asp-Glu-Ala-Asp) box polypeptide 4   |
| C03      | Mm.391208 | NM_015826    | Dmrt1    | Doublesex and mab-3 related transcription factor 1   |
| C04      | Mm.272871 | NM_019964    | Dnajb8   | DnaJ (Hsp40) homolog, subfamily B, member 8  |
| C05      | Mm.101927 | NM_138664    | Dnajc28  | DnaJ (Hsp40) homolog, subfamily C, member 28   |
| C06      | Mm.29394  | NM_010122    | Eif2b4   | Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 2B, subunit 4 delta                                   |
| C07      | Mm.268903 | NM_172703    | Eif4g3   | Eukaryotic translation initiation factor 4 gamma, 3  |
| C08      | Mm.1626   | NM_007987    | Fas      | Fas (TNF receptor superfamily member 6)  |
| C09      | Mm.197520 | NM_025995    | Fbxo5    | F-box protein 5  |
| C10      | Mm.246513 | NM_010234    | Fos      | FBJ osteosarcoma oncogene  |
| C11      | Mm.5098   | NM_008130    | Gli3     | GLI-Kruppel family member GLI3   |
| C12      | Mm.213016 | NM_178712    | Gpr64    | G protein-coupled receptor 64  |
| D01      | Mm.1090   | NM_008160    | Gpx1     | Glutathione peroxidase 1   |
| D02      | Mm.202504 | NM_008228    | Hdac1    | Histone deacetylase 1  |
| D03      | Mm.276389 | NM_010442    | Hmox1    | Heme oxygenase (decycling) 1   |
| D04      | Mm.12882  | NM_010476    | Hsd17b7  | Hydroxysteroid (17-beta) dehydrogenase 7   |
| D05      | Mm.261395 | NM_008297    | Hsf2     | Heat shock factor 2  |
| D06      | Mm.39330  | NM_011020    | Hspa4l   | Heat shock protein 4 like  |
| D07      | Mm.10137  | NM_010551    | Il16     | Interleukin 16   |
| D08      | Mm.34168  | NM_025727    | Klhl10   | Kelch-like 10 (Drosophila)   |
| D09      | Mm.4339   | NM_001081171 | Lama5    | Laminin, alpha 5   |
| D10      | Mm.277072 | NM_008493    | Lep      | Leptin   |
| D11      | Mm.1644   | NM_013582    | Lhcgr    | Luteinizing hormone/choriogonadotropin receptor  |
| D12      | Mm.243014 | NM_019390    | Lmna     | Lamin A  |
| E01      | Mm.157070 | NM_025676    | Mcm8     | Minichromosome maintenance deficient 8 (S. cerevisiae)   |
| E02      | Mm.288898 | NM_029931    | Mllt3    | Myeloid/lymphoid or mixed-lineage leukemia (trithorax homolog, Drosophila); translocated to, 3 |
| E03      | Mm.28712  | NM_029272    | Ndufs7   | NADH dehydrogenase (ubiquinone) Fe-S protein 7   |
| E04      | Mm.170515 | NM_010907    | Nfkbia   | Nuclear factor of kappa light polypeptide gene enhancer in B-cells inhibitor, alpha            |
| E05      | Mm.282556 | NM_023409    | Npc2     | Niemann Pick type C2   |
| E06      | Mm.252830 | NM_008757    | Odf1     | Outer dense fiber of sperm tails 1   |
| E07      | Mm.277349 | NM_020569    | Park7    | Parkinson disease (autosomal recessive, early onset) 7   |

| Position | UniGene   | GenBank      | Symbol   | Description   |
|----------|-----------|--------------|----------|---|
| E08      | Mm.299916 | NM_008793    | Pcsk4    | Proprotein convertase subtilisin/kexin type 4   |
| E09      | Mm.361919 | NM_001033222 | Pdzd8    | PDZ domain containing 8   |
| E10      | Mm.717    | NM_031190    | Pgk2     | Phosphoglycerate kinase 2   |
| E11      | Mm.272720 | NM_021311    | Piwi1    | Piwi-like homolog 1 (Drosophila)  |
| E12      | Mm.50808  | NM_054066    | Plcz1    | Phospholipase C, zeta 1   |
| F01      | Mm.29821  | NM_007452    | Prdx3    | Peroxiredoxin 3   |
| F02      | Mm.325769 | NM_008933    | Prrm2    | Protamine 2   |
| F03      | Mm.73172  | NM_172953    | Serpina5 | Serine (or cysteine) peptidase inhibitor, clade A, member 5                                       |
| F04      | Mm.371544 | NM_007451    | Slc25a5  | Solute carrier family 25 (mitochondrial carrier, adenine nucleotide translocator), member 5       |
| F05      | Mm.219530 | XM_003085148 | Slc26a8  | Solute carrier family 26, member 8  |
| F06      | Mm.313303 | NM_011416    | Smarca2  | SWI/SNF related, matrix associated, actin dependent regulator of chromatin, subfamily a, member 2 |
| F07      | Mm.276325 | NM_011434    | Sod1     | Superoxide dismutase 1, soluble   |
| F08      | Mm.290876 | NM_013671    | Sod2     | Superoxide dismutase 2, mitochondrial   |
| F09      | Mm.23495  | NM_012046    | Spo11    | Sporulation protein, meiosis-specific, SPO11 homolog (S. cerevisiae)                              |
| F10      | Mm.23520  | NM_030237    | Spz1     | Spermatogenic leucine zipper 1  |
| F11      | Mm.15252  | NM_016795    | Srpk1    | Serine/arginine-rich protein specific kinase 1  |
| F12      | Mm.285609 | NM_016964    | Stag3    | Stromal antigen 3   |
| G01      | Mm.297977 | NM_011517    | Sycp3    | Synaptonemal complex protein 3  |
| G02      | Mm.244820 | NM_013684    | Tbp      | TATA box binding protein  |
| G03      | Mm.29758  | NM_013687    | Tcp11    | T-complex protein 11  |
| G04      | Mm.134024 | NM_031384    | Tex11    | Testis expressed gene 11  |
| G05      | Mm.425024 | NM_009407    | Tnp1     | Transition protein 1  |
| G06      | Mm.277382 | NM_178872    | Trim36   | Tripartite motif-containing 36  |
| G07      | Mm.158128 | NM_025741    | Trpd52l3 | Tumor protein D52-like 3  |
| G08      | Mm.332756 | NM_207228    | Tsga10   | Testis specific 10  |
| G09      | Mm.41864  | NM_026872    | Ubap2    | Ubiquitin-associated protein 2  |
| G10      | Mm.29807  | NM_011670    | Uchl1    | Ubiquitin carboxy-terminal hydrolase L1   |
| G11      | Mm.27957  | NM_001004436 | Wapal    | Wings apart-like homolog (Drosophila)   |
| G12      | Mm.1381   | NM_011776    | Zp3      | Zona pellucida glycoprotein 3   |
| H01      | Mm.328431 | NM_007393    | Actb     | Actin, beta   |
| H02      | Mm.163    | NM_009735    | B2m      | Beta-2 microglobulin  |
| H03      | Mm.343110 | NM_008084    | Gapdh    | Glyceraldehyde-3-phosphate dehydrogenase  |
| H04      | Mm.3317   | NM_010368    | Gusb     | Glucuronidase, beta   |
| H05      | Mm.2180   | NM_008302    | Hsp90ab1 | Heat shock protein 90 alpha (cytosolic), class B member 1   |
| H06      | N/A       | SA_00106     | MGDC     | Mouse Genomic DNA Contamination   |
| H07      | N/A       | SA_00104     | RTC      | Reverse Transcription Control   |
| H08      | N/A       | SA_00104     | RTC      | Reverse Transcription Control   |
| H09      | N/A       | SA_00104     | RTC      | Reverse Transcription Control   |
| H10      | N/A       | SA_00103     | PPC      | Positive PCR Control  |
| H11      | N/A       | SA_00103     | PPC      | Positive PCR Control  |
| H12      | N/A       | SA_00103     | PPC      | Positive PCR Control  |

## Related products

For optimal performance, RT<sup>2</sup> Profiler PCR Arrays should be used together with the RT<sup>2</sup> First Strand Kit for cDNA synthesis and RT<sup>2</sup> SYBR<sup>®</sup> Green qPCR Mastermixes for PCR.

| Product   | Contents   | Cat. no. |
|---|--|----------|
| RT <sup>2</sup> First Strand Kit (12)                           | Enzymes and reagents for cDNA synthesis  | 330401   |
| RT <sup>2</sup> SYBR Green ROX <sup>™</sup> FAST Mastermix (2)* | For 2 x 96 assays in 96-well plates; suitable for use with the Rotor-Gene Q and other Rotor-Gene cyclers | 330620   |

\* Larger kit sizes available; please inquire.

---

RT<sup>2</sup> Profiler PCR Array products are intended for molecular biology applications. These products are not intended for the diagnosis, prevention, or treatment of a disease.

For up-to-date licensing information and product-specific disclaimers, see the respective QIAGEN kit handbook or user manual. QIAGEN kit handbooks and user manuals are available at [www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com) or can be requested from QIAGEN Technical Services or your local distributor.

Trademarks: QIAGEN®, Rotor-Gene®, Rotor-Disc™ (QIAGEN Group); ROX™ (Applied Biosystems Corporation or its subsidiaries); SYBR® (Molecular Probes, Inc.).

1067688 03/2011 © 2011 QIAGEN, all rights reserved.

[www.qiagen.com](http://www.qiagen.com)

Australia ■ 1-800-243-800

Austria ■ 0800/281010

Belgium ■ 0800-79612

Brazil ■ 0800-557779

Canada ■ 800-572-9613

China ■ 8621-3865-3865

Denmark ■ 80-885945

Finland ■ 0800-914416

France ■ 01-60-920-930

Germany ■ 02103-29-12000

Hong Kong ■ 800 933 965

Ireland ■ 1800 555 049

Italy ■ 800-787980

Japan ■ 03-6890-7300

Korea (South) ■ 080-000-7145

Luxembourg ■ 8002 2076

Mexico ■ 01-800-7742-436

The Netherlands ■ 0800 0229592

Norway ■ 800-18859

Singapore ■ 1800-742-4368

Spain ■ 91-630-7050

Sweden ■ 020-790282

Switzerland ■ 055-254-22-11

UK ■ 01293-422-911

USA ■ 800-426-8157



Sample & Assay Technologies